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PATENT REPLY FILED UNDER EXPEDITED PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO 37 CFR § 1.116

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application. Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently amended) An inline optical amplifier station for an optical transport system, the inline optical amplifier station comprising:
- a first optical coupler/decoupler configured to decouple a first bidirectional signal and a first service channel signal from a first fiber span signal;
- a <u>second</u> first optical coupler/decoupler configured to <u>separate from a first</u> bidirectional signal decouple a first <u>data</u> signal propagating in a first direction[[,]] <u>from the first bidirectional signal</u> and <u>configured</u> to combine a second <u>data</u> signal propagating in a second direction into into with the first bidirectional signal;
- a <u>third</u> second optical coupler/decoupler configured to separate from a second bidirectional signal decouple a third <u>data</u> signal propagating in the second direction[[,]] <u>from a second bidirectional signal</u> and configured to combine a fourth <u>data</u> signal propagating in the first direction <u>into</u> <u>with</u> the second bidirectional signal;
- a first optical attenuator configured to receive the first <u>data</u> signal from the <u>second</u> first optical coupler/decoupler;
- a second optical attenuator configured to receive the third <u>data</u> signal from the <u>third</u> second optical coupler/decoupler;
- a first optical coupler configured to combine the first and third <u>data</u> signals from the first and second optical attenuators, respectively, into to produce a combined signal;
- a first optical amplifier configured to co-directionally amplify the combined signal; and
- a first optical decoupler configured to separate decouple the second and fourth data signals from the combined co-directionally amplified signal into the second and fourth signals.
- 2. (Previously presented) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 1 wherein the first optical amplifier comprises a multistage amplifier.

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3. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 1 wherein the first optical amplifier comprises a first stage and a second stage, <u>and</u> wherein the first stage is configured to produce a first intermediate combined co-directionally amplified signal and the second stage is configured to produce the combined co-directionally amplified signal <u>are each configured to co-directionally amplify the combined signal</u>.

- 4. (Previously presented) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 3 further comprising a third optical attenuator connected between the first stage and the second stage.
- 5. (Previously presented) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 3 further comprising a dispersion compensator connected between the first stage and the second stage.
- 6. (Previously presented) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 4 wherein the first, second and third optical attenuators each comprise a variable optical attenuator.
- 7. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 1 wherein the fourth <u>data</u> signal and the second <u>data</u> signal comprise different wavelengths in two separate bands.
- 8. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 1 wherein the fourth data signal and the second data signal are interleaved on separate channels.
- 9. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 1 further comprising a fourth optical coupler/decoupler configured to decouple the second bidirectional signal and a second service channel signal from a second fiber span signal third coupler/decoupler connected to the first coupler/decoupler, wherein third coupler/decoupler is configured to combine a third bidirectional signal with the first bidirectional signal into a fourth bidirectional signal.
- 10. (Canceled)

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11. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 1 further comprising a <u>fourth optical</u> third-coupler/decoupler connected to the <u>third optical</u> second coupler/decoupler, wherein the <u>fourth optical</u> third-coupler/decoupler is configured to combine a <u>third bidirectional signal</u> with the second bidirectional signal into a fourth bidirectional signal the second bidirectional signal with a second service channel signal to produce a second fiber span signal.

12. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim <u>1</u> 10 wherein the <u>first optical</u> service channel <u>signal</u> is in a separate wavelength range from the <u>fourth first data</u> signal and the second <u>data</u> signal.

13. (Canceled)

- 14. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim <u>11</u> 13 wherein the control <u>second service</u> channel <u>signal</u> is in a separate wavelength range from both the fourth <u>third data</u> signal and the <u>second fourth data</u> signal.
- 15. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 1 wherein the inline optical amplifier station is configured to receive the first fiber span signal from 9 further comprising a first terminal connected to the third coupler/decoupler, wherein the terminal is configured to transmit and receive the fourth bidirectional signal.
- 16. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 15 11 wherein the inline optical amplifier station is configured to receive a second fiber span signal from further comprising a second terminal connected to the third coupler/decoupler, wherein the terminal is configured to transmit and receive the fourth bidirectional signal.

17-22. (Canceled)

23. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 4 further comprising:

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a second optical decoupler connected to the third optical attenuator, wherein the second optical decoupler is configured to separate decouple a first uncompensated signal and a second uncompensated signal from an output of the third optical attenuator the first intermediate combined co-directionally amplified signal into a first uncompensated signal and a second uncompensated signal;

a first dispersion compensation module connected to the <u>second</u> optical decoupler, wherein the first dispersion compensation module is configured to compensate <u>for dispersion</u> in the first uncompensated signal <u>into to produce</u> a first compensated signal;

a second dispersion compensation module connected to the <u>second</u> optical decoupler, wherein the second dispersion compensation module is configured to compensate <u>for</u> <u>dispersion in</u> the second uncompensated signal <u>into</u> <u>to produce</u> a second compensated signal; and

a second optical coupler connected to the first and second dispersion compensation modules, wherein the second optical coupler is configured to combine the first and second compensated signals into a second intermediate combined co-directionally amplified signal.

- 24. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 1 further comprising an optical element connected between the first optical amplifier and the first optical decoupler, wherein the optical element is configured to modify operate on the combined co-directionally amplified signal before the combined co-directionally amplified signal is decoupled by the first optical decoupler.
- 25. (Previously presented) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 24 wherein the optical element comprises an optical add/drop multiplexer.
- 26. (Previously presented) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 24 wherein the optical element comprises a dynamic gain equalizer.
- 27. (Previously presented) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 24 wherein the optical element comprises a second optical amplifier.

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28. (Previously presented) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 24 wherein the optical element comprises a dynamic band equalizer and a second optical amplifier.

29. (Previously presented) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 24 wherein the optical element comprises an optical add/drop multiplexer and a second optical amplifier.

30. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 1 wherein the first optical attenuator comprises a first variable optical attenuator,

wherein the second optical attenuator comprises a second variable optical attenuator, and

wherein the first variable optical attenuator and the second variable optical attenuator are configured to be adjusted to equalize a power of the first <u>data</u> signal with respect to the third <u>data</u> signal.

31. (Currently amended) A method for amplifying an eastbound <u>data</u> signal and a westbound <u>data</u> signal in an optical transport system, the method comprising:

isolating a first bidirectional signal and a first service channel signal from a first fiber span signal;

isolating the eastbound <u>data</u> signal from [[a]] <u>the</u> first bidirectional signal; isolating the westbound <u>data</u> signal from a second bidirectional signal; power matching the eastbound <u>signal</u> and <u>the</u> westbound <u>data</u> signals to <u>produce</u>

combining the power_matched eastbound and westbound signals to produce a combined signal; and

co-directionally amplifying the combined eastbound and westbound signal[[s]] to produce an amplified signal.

32. (Currently amended) The method of claim 31 further comprising compensating for dispersion in at least one of the co-directionally amplified eastbound and westbound signals in the amplified signal.

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33. (Currently amended) The method of claim 31 further comprising attenuating the eodirectionally amplified eastbound and westbound signals amplified signal.

34. (Currently amended) The method of claim 31 further comprising: isolating the co-directionally an amplified eastbound data signal from the amplified signal;

isolating the co-directionally an amplified westbound data signal from the amplified signal;

compensating for dispersion in the co-directionally amplified eastbound <u>data</u> signal; compensating for dispersion in the co-directionally amplified westbound <u>data</u> signal;

<u>combining</u> the <u>co-directionally</u> amplified eastbound <u>data</u> signal and the <u>co-directionally</u> amplified westbound <u>data</u> signal.

35-48. (Canceled)

and

49. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 1 wherein the first data signal comprises an unamplified eastbound signal,

wherein the second <u>data</u> signal comprises an amplified westbound signal, wherein the third <u>data</u> signal comprises an unamplified westbound signal, and wherein the fourth data signal comprises an amplified eastbound signal.

- 50. (Previously presented) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 1 wherein the first and second optical attenuators each comprise a variable optical attenuator.
- 51. (Canceled)
- 52. (Currently amended) The method of claim 31 further comprising isolating the codirectionally an amplified eastbound data signal and an amplified westbound data signal [[s]] from the amplified signal.

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- 53. (Currently amended) The method of claim 52 further comprising combining the eodirectionally amplified eastbound <u>data</u> signal with the second bidirectional signal and combining the <u>eodirectionally</u> amplified westbound <u>data</u> signal with the first bidirectional signal.
- 54. (Currently amended) The method of claim 34 wherein dispersion in the eodirectionally amplified eastbound <u>data</u> signal is compensated independent of the dispersion in the eodirectionally amplified westbound <u>data</u> signal.
- 55. (Currently amended) An inline optical amplifier station for an optical transport system, the inline optical amplifier station comprising:

means for isolating a first bidirectional signal and a first service channel signal from a first fiber span signal;

means for isolating an eastbound <u>data</u> signal from [[a]] <u>the</u> first bidirectional signal; means for isolating a[[n]] westbound <u>data</u> signal from a second bidirectional signal; means for power matching the eastbound <u>signal</u> and <u>the</u> westbound <u>data</u> signals to produce power-matched signals;

means for combining the power_matched eastbound and westbound signals to produce a combined signal; and

means for co-directionally amplifying the combined eastbound and westbound signal[[s]] to produce an amplified signal.

- 56. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 55 further comprising means for compensating for dispersion in at least one of the co-directionally amplified eastbound and westbound signals in the amplified signal.
- 57. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 55 further comprising means for attenuating the co-directionally amplified eastbound and westbound signals amplified signal.

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58. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 55 further comprising:

means for isolating the co-directionally an amplified eastbound data signal from the amplified signal;

means for isolating the co-directionally an amplified westbound data signal from the amplified signal;

means for compensating for dispersion in the co-directionally amplified eastbound <u>data</u> signal;

means for compensating for dispersion in the co-directionally amplified westbound <u>data</u> signal; and

means for recombining combining the co-directionally amplified eastbound data signal and the co-directionally amplified westbound data signal.

- 59. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 55 further comprising means for isolating the co-directionally an amplified eastbound data signal and means for isolating the co-directionally an amplified westbound data signal from the amplified signal.
- 60. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 59 further comprising means for combining the co-directionally amplified eastbound <u>data</u> signal with the second bidirectional signal and means for combining the co-directionally amplified westbound <u>data</u> signal with the first bidirectional signal.
- 61. (Currently amended) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 55 58 wherein dispersion in the co-directionally amplified eastbound data signal is compensated independent of the dispersion in the co-directionally amplified westbound data signal.
- 62. (New) The method of claim 31 further comprising isolating the second bidirectional signal and a second service channel signal from a second fiber span signal.

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63. (New) The inline optical amplifier station of claim 55 further comprising means for isolating the second bidirectional signal and a second service channel signal from a second fiber span signal.